



Offre n°2025-08776

PhD Position F/M Abstract Interpretation for Explainable Artificial Intelligence (AI4XAI)

Type de contrat : Fixed-term contract

Niveau de diplôme exigé : Graduate degree or equivalent

Fonction : PhD Position

Contexte et atouts du poste

The PhD student will work within the **ForML** project (<https://www.irit.fr/ForML>). The project is a collaboration between the Institut de recherche en informatique de Toulouse (IRIT) (Aurélien Hurault, Toulouse INP, and Martin Cooper, Toulouse III), Sorbonne Université (Antoine Miné, LIP6), and Inria Paris (Caterina Urban, ANTIQUE), and is led by the IRIT. ForML aims to develop new static analysis techniques based on abstract interpretation and new model checking techniques based on counterexample-guided abstraction refinement to verify robustness, fairness, and explainability properties of machine-learned software. The PhD student will be based in Paris and will be supervised by Caterina Urban. Research visits to Toulouse and collaborations with the IRIT members of the project are also expected.

Mission confiée

The PhD student will work on the *explainability* axis of the ForML project. A previous work by the IRIT members of the project [Marques-Silva et al. 2021]

describes novel algorithms for computing formal explanations of (black-box) monotonic classifiers. In essence, these algorithms identify minimal subsets of the input features that are sufficient for the prediction (AXp) or for changing the prediction (CXp). Formally verified implementations of these algorithms are extracted from Coq proofs of their correctness [Hurault et Marques-Silva, 2023]. These previous works will be the starting point for the PhD thesis.

[Marques-Silva et al. 2021] João Marques-Silva, Thomas Gerspacher, Martin C. Cooper, Alexey Ignatiev, Nina Narodytska. Explanations for Monotonic Classifiers (ICML 2021)

[Hurault et Marques-Silva, 2023] Aurélie Hurault, João Marques-Silva. Certified Logic-Based Explainable AI - The Case of Monotonic Classifiers (TAP 2023)

Principales activités

A number of avenues will be investigated during the PhD.

First, instead of assuming that classifiers are monotonic, we would require a white-box access to the classifier to design a static analysis by abstract interpretation to formally verify this hypothesis. A starting point for this analysis could be the sound proof system with judgments specifying whether a program is monotonic that has been introduced by ANTIQUE in recent work [Campion et al. 2024].

Second, we aim to extend the definitions of AXp and CXp to operate over the *latent space* of a model, e.g., on activation patterns in hidden layers of a neural network [Geng et al. 2023]. We aim to define algorithms to compute the minimal latent space explanations sufficient for preserving or altering a model prediction. Notably, latent space explanations will allow us to reason about non-convex regions over the model input space, generalizing explanation beyond a single input to a neighborhood in the input space. We also plan to infer relational explanations, e.g., establishing dependencies between neuron activations. We will leverage (combinations of) existing numeric and symbolic abstractions for machine learning software [Urban and Miné 2021] to practically compute such explanations. We will target ReLU-activated neural networks to start with, with the objective to later generalize the results to target graph neural networks —a particularly good fit since the size of their input space is not fixed —and language models — defining latent explanations over token embeddings, attention patterns, or context windows.

Finally, another venue worth investigating comes from a recent work of ANTIQUE with the members of the project at Sorbonne Université [Moussaoui Remil et al. 2024], which proposed a backward analysis based on abstract interpretation for determining the sets of program variables that an attacker can control to ensure a certain program outcome. These sets can be seen as non-minimal AXp explanations of the program outcome. The analysis builds upon an inference of sufficient preconditions for Computation Tree Logic (CTL) program properties that was

previously developed by ANTIQUE [Urban et al. 2018]. It would be interesting to port this work to the context of machine learning classifiers and formally establishing relationships with (approximate) AXp and CXp explanations [Marques-Silva et al. 2021]. Combinations of forward and backward static analysis would also be interesting to explore.

We expect these static analysis methods to be implemented and thoroughly evaluated experimentally. Existing infrastructure and prototypes developed by ANTIQUE in Python and Ocaml can be built upon, if desired. We will leverage benchmarks from previous work done by ANTIQUE and IRIT [Urban et al. 2020, Hurault et Marques-Silva, 2023] for evaluation. Certified implementations of the developed abstract interpretation-based algorithms will leverage the proof assistant Coq.

Avantages

- Subsidized meals
- Partial reimbursement of public transport costs
- Leave: 7 weeks of annual leave + 10 extra days off due to RTT (statutory reduction in working hours) + possibility of exceptional leave (sick children, moving home, etc.)
- Possibility of teleworking (after 6 months of employment) and flexible organization of working hours
- Professional equipment available (videoconferencing, loan of computer equipment, etc.)
- Social, cultural and sports events and activities
- Access to vocational training
- Social security coverage

Informations générales

- **Thème/Domaine** : Proofs and Verification
Software engineering (BAP E)
- **Ville** : Paris
- **Centre Inria** : [Centre Inria de Paris](#)
- **Date de prise de fonction souhaitée** : 2025-10-01
- **Durée de contrat** : 3 years
- **Date limite pour postuler** : 2025-05-27

Contacts

- **Équipe Inria** : [ANTIQUE](#)
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Consignes pour postuler

Sécurité défense :

Ce poste est susceptible d'être affecté dans une zone à régime restrictif (ZRR), telle que définie dans le décret n°2011-1425 relatif à la protection du potentiel scientifique et technique de la nation (PPST). L'autorisation d'accès à une zone est délivrée par le chef d'établissement, après avis ministériel favorable, tel que défini dans l'arrêté du 03 juillet 2012, relatif à la PPST. Un avis ministériel défavorable pour un poste affecté dans une ZRR aurait pour conséquence l'annulation du recrutement.

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