2018-00344 - Data Analytics and Assimilation for Large Scale Simulations DATAMOVE - PHD Campaign - Campagne Doctorants Grenoble Rhône-Alpes

Contract type: Public service fixed-term contract
Level of qualifications required: Graduate degree or equivalent
Function: PhD Position

About the research centre or Inria department

Inria, the French national institute for research in computer science and control, is dedicated to fundamental and applied research in information and communication science and technology (ICST). Inria has a workforce of 3,800 people working throughout its eight research centers established in seven regions of France.

Grenoble is the capital city of the French Alpes. Combining the urban lifestyle of southern France with a unique mountain setting, it is ideally situated for outdoor activities. The Grenoble area is today an important centre of industry and science (second largest in France). Dedicated to an ambitious policy in the arts, the city is host to numerous cultural institutions. With 60,000 students (including 6,000 foreign students), Grenoble is the third largest student area in France.

Context

The candidate will join the DataMove team located in the Grenoble area, France, in the IMAG building (700 avenue Centrale, Domaine Universitaire, 38401 Saint-Martin-d’Hères, France).

Assignment

Parallel simulations produce large amount of data. The traditional approach consists in writing these data to disk to later on read them back from disk and analyse them. But this approach is becoming prohibitively slow. An alternative consists in analyzing the data online, often called in situ, as soon as provided by the simulation, before to write the data to disk. Thus the data are analyzed in parallel and reduced in size before to go to disk, enabling to significantly reduce the disk performance bottleneck. The DataMove team has addressed this issue through different approaches leading to the FlowVR and Melissa frameworks. The data produced by the simulation can also be seen as a stream of data: each process of the simulation (a parallel simulation can run thousands of processes) produces a new result at each time step (a numerical simulation can classically compute thousands of time steps). The DataMove team has also investigated how stream processing approaches developed for Big Data processing (Flink in particular) could be used in this context. These different works provide DataMove with a sound base for investigating an even more challenging data analysis process called Data Assimilation. This is the topic to be investigated through this PhD.

Data assimilation consists in using observation data (measures acquired from other scientific instruments or network of sensors) to adjust the internal parameters of the running simulation. The goal is to better control the course of the running simulation to get higher quality results as well as to limit the required number of simulation executions, thus saving CPU energy and scientist time. Data assimilation requires to analyze the outputs from the simulation, them to combine these results with the observation data to compute adjustment values for the internal simulation parameters. This process takes place periodically while the simulation is running. Often the correlation between the outputs and the internal parameters is a complex inverse problem requiring advanced algorithms. Today solutions rely on optimization methods like gradient descent to minimise some objective function.

Because the simulation outputs are analyzed to compute and retro-propagate parameter adjustments on the running simulation, a careful assembly and parallelization of the different steps are required. Modularity and separation of concerns is also critical to keep this complex workflow modula, flexible and amenable to modifications of its
individual components without having to master all the different components. But today's solutions fail to reach this scalability and modularity level and rely on a single monolithic application.

If this workflow was not challenging enough, data assimilation can also require to handle not one single simulation execution but several simulation runs in parallel (often called an ensemble run). When working with a single simulation, the data assimilation process is called variational, while ensemble run approaches are called statistical. Variational approaches intend to minimize an error function on a single simulation. Statistical approaches look at minimizing a variance. They require to run several simulations with different parameter sets enabling to provide a more complete information about the uncertainties associated with the results.

**Main activities**

The goal of this PhD work is to investigate solutions to push data assimilation capabilities to novel scalability and performance levels, using thousands of compute cores if necessary. We will cover aspects like infrastructure (leveraging the one like Melissa and FlowVR developed at DataMove as well as other frameworks like Flink), fault tolerance, parallelization, exploration of novel data assimilation processes based on unsupervised learning algorithms for instance.

To achieve this goal we will work in close with scientists from other domains, learning specialists, as well application domains experts in particular from Hydrology or Molecular Dynamics. They will provide us the main use cases we will work with (simulation codes, observational data and data assimilation processes).

**Skills**

We are looking for enthusiastic, motivated and creative candidates, capable of developing novel innovative approaches. The PhD candidate will have a master in computer science with expertise in one or several of the following domains: parallel, distributed computing, numerical simulation, large scale data analytics, optimization technics. Good programming skills and a Linux expertise are required, with a taste for leading experiments on large supercomputers. The candidate will have opportunities to travel in France and abroad to present his results, in particular at some of the major international conferences of the domain. A good speaking and writing English level is sufficient in the working environment, but some bases or at least the will to learn French will greatly help for the every day life. The candidate will integrate the DataMove team and benefit from its friendly work environment. Grenoble valley is known to offer a good quality of life in the middle of the French Alps.

**Bibliography**


**Benefits package**

- Subsidised catering service
- Partially-reimbursed public transport
- Social security
• Paid leave
• Flexible working hours

**Remuneration**
Monthly salary after taxes: around 1596,05€ for 1st and 2nd year. 1678,99€ for 3rd year. (medical insurance included).

**General Information**
- Theme/Domain: Distributed and High Performance Computing
  Scientific computing (BAP E)
- Town/city: St Martin d'Hères
- Inria Center: CRI Grenoble - Rhône-Alpes
- Starting date: 2018-10-01
- Duration of contract: 3 years
- Deadline to apply: 2018-05-01

**Contacts**
- Inria Team: DATAMOVE
- Recruiter: Raffin Bruno / bruno.raffin@inria.fr

**Conditions for application**
The campaign is not open to local students who have not done any significant mobility.

**Defence Security:**
This position is likely to be situated in a restricted area (ZRR), as defined in Decree No. 2011-1425 relating to the protection of national scientific and technical potential (PPST). Authorisation to enter an area is granted by the director of the unit, following a favourable Ministerial decision, as defined in the decree of 3 July 2012 relating to the PPST. An unfavourable Ministerial decision in respect of a position situated in a ZRR would result in the cancellation of the appointment.

**Recruitment Policy:**
As part of its diversity policy, all Inria positions are accessible to people with disabilities.

**Warning:** you must enter your e-mail address in order to save your application to Inria. Applications must be submitted online on the Inria website. Processing of applications sent from other channels is not guaranteed.