2018-00387 - PhD - Design of an eigensolver for distributed heterogeneous platform using a task based paradigm

Level of qualifications required: Graduate degree or equivalent
Function: PhD Position

About the research centre or Inria department

An important force which has continued to drive HPC has been to focus on frontier milestones which consist in technical goals that symbolize the next stage of progress in the field. After the step of the teraflop machine in the 1990s, the HPC community envision the use of generalist petaflop supercomputers and soon coming exaflop machines in the 2020s. For application codes to sustain petaflop and more using a few millions of cores or more will be needed, regardless of processor technology. Currently, a few HPC simulation codes easily scale to this regime and major code development efforts are critical to achieve the potential of these new systems. Scaling to at this rate will involve improving physical models, mathematical modelling, super scalable algorithms that will require paying particular attention to acquisition, management and visualization of huge amounts of scientific data.

In this context, the purpose of the HiePACS project is to perform efficiently frontier simulations arising from challenging research and industrial multiscale applications. The solution of these challenging problems require a multidisciplinary approach involving applied mathematics, computational and computer sciences. In applied mathematics, it essentially involves advanced numerical schemes. In computational science, it involves massively parallel computing and the design of highly scalable algorithms and codes to be executed on future petaflop (and beyond) platforms. Through this approach, HiePACS intends to contribute to all steps that go from the design of new high-performance more scalable, robust and more accurate numerical schemes to the optimized implementations of the associated algorithms and codes on very high performance supercomputers.

Context

Scientific priorities:
Computing the future: models, software and digital systems.

Scientific Research context:
Many applications (quantum chemistry, bio-diversity, ...) require the calculation of eigenpairs of very large matrices that arise either from the fine discretization of a given problem or from a problem define in a very large dimensional space. The solution of those large problems can only be performed using numerical iterative schemes that often rely on matrix-vector product to project the problem in a lower dimensional space (a few tens of thousands) where the reduced problem becomes more tractable. The core of such a calculation is the solution of a small eigenvalue problem and efficient orthogonalization of a basis of the search space.

For the innermost eigenproblem dense linear kernel are considered to compute a part or the full spectrum of the projected matrix.

Assignment
The objective of this PhD is to develop an eigensolver on top of a task-based runtime system for
parallel distributed heterogeneous platform. The building box will be the Chameleon [1] package for all dense linear algebra calculation that will be used to design the scalable implementation of a recently introduced eigensolver [2]. The runtime system StarPU, already used by Chameleon, will be considered to implement this new solver.

The scalable solver will be validated to efficiently compute vibrational spectra of molecules with 6 to 7 atoms. Its scalability will be studied on mesoscale computers first (PlaFRIM, MCIA) and its extensibility will be demonstrated on national and European platforms.

The newly proposed eigensolver consists in viewing the vibrational operator as a perturbation of an Hermitian operator for which the orthonormal basis of eigenvectors B is analytically known. The algorithm iteratively constructs a sequence of nested search spaces that are spanned by vectors of B; the expansion of the search space is monitored by selecting the dominating direction of the scaled residuals. At a given iteration, the Rayleigh quotient matrix associated with the current basis is computed that results in a large unsymmetric matrix whose eigenvalues in the interval of interest are computed using an Arnoldi or Krylov-Schur method. The implementation of these later numerical methods requires the construction of an orthonormal basis of a Krylov space and the calculation of Ritz pairs of a small dense matrix using numerical kernels from Chameleon.

Main activities

Keywords :
Linear algebra, eigensolver, runtime system, task parallelism

References :


Skills

Required Knowledge and background :
Knowledgeable in linear algebra and HPC, C/C++

Benefits package

- Subsidised catering service
- Partially-reimbursed public transport

Remuneration

1982€ / month (before taxes) during the first 2 years, 2085€ / month (before taxes) during the third year.

General Information

- Theme/Domain : Distributed and High Performance Computing
- Town/city : Talence
- Inria Center : CRI Bordeaux - Sud-Ouest
- Starting date : 2018-10-01
• **Duration of contract**: 3 years
• **Deadline to apply**: 2018-05-24

### Contacts

• **Inria Team**: HIEPACS
• **Recruiter**: Coulaud Olivier / olivier.coulaud@inria.fr

### About Inria

Inria, the French National Institute for computer science and applied mathematics, promotes “scientific excellence for technology transfer and society”. Graduates from the world’s top universities, Inria’s 2,700 employees rise to the challenges of digital sciences. With its open, agile model, Inria is able to explore original approaches with its partners in industry and academia and provide an efficient response to the multidisciplinary and application challenges of the digital transformation. Inria is the source of many innovations that add value and create jobs.

### Conditions for application

**Advisors**:

Co-advisors: Emmanuel Agullo and Olivier Coulaud

**Thank you to send**:

- Copy of master thesis diploma
- Master marks and ranking
- 2 pages CV
- Cover letter
- Support letter(s)

**Defence Security**:

This position is likely to be situated in a restricted area (ZRR), as defined in Decree No. 2011-1425 relating to the protection of national scientific and technical potential (PPST). Authorisation to enter an area is granted by the director of the unit, following a favourable Ministerial decision, as defined in the decree of 3 July 2012 relating to the PPST. An unfavourable Ministerial decision in respect of a position situated in a ZRR would result in the cancellation of the appointment.

**Recruitment Policy**:

As part of its diversity policy, all Inria positions are accessible to people with disabilities.

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