2019-01284 - Visualisation of biochemical reaction networks using static analyzers

Level of qualifications required: Bachelor’s degree or equivalent
Function: Internship Research

About the research centre or Inria department

Located at the heart of the main national research and higher education cluster, member of the Université Paris Saclay, a major actor in the French Investments for the Future Programme (Idex, LabEx, IRT, Equipex) and partner of the main establishments present on the plateau, the centre is particularly active in three major areas: data and knowledge; safety, security and reliability; modelling, simulation and optimisation (with priority given to energy).

The 450 researchers and engineers from Inria and its partners who work in the research centre's 31 teams, the 100 research support staff members, the high-level equipment at their disposal (image walls, high-performance computing clusters, sensor networks), and the privileged relationships with prestigious industrial partners, all make Inria Saclay Île-de-France a key research centre in the local landscape and one that is oriented towards Europe and the world.

Context

This research internship is offered at Inria Saclay ÎdF (https://www.inria.fr/en/centre/saclay) in the LIFEWARE project team (http://lifeware.inria.fr). This team works in computational systems biology and develops the Biochemical Abstract Machine (BIOCHAM http://lifeware.inria.fr/biocham) software for modeling, analyzing and now synthesizing biochemical reaction networks (CRNs) using methods from fundamental computer science and mathematics. The software developments are expected to be integrated in BIOCHAM.

The internship will be supervised by François Fages and Sylvain Soliman.

Assignment

The chemical reaction network formalism (CRN) is used to model biological processes at the cellular level. They explain the complex phenotypes as resulting from elementary molecular interactions. A CRN has a hypergraph structure that is a bipartite species / reaction graph labeled by a rate function and can be interpreted at different levels of abstraction with different dynamics: differential, stochastic, discrete Petri net or Boolean.

Visualization of the structure of CRNs is not a well-solved problem today, and the automatic drawing tools are far from being able to compete with the manual drawings that modelers make in publications, and which show much better "logic" of the network.

Before performing simulations, however, many static analyzers can provide information on network inputs and outputs, dependency graphs, and influences, as well as on dynamic properties, such as algebraic or place-invariant invariants of the network. Petri net (set of molecular species whose sum of concentrations is constant), transition-invariants (set of reactions forming a circuit), etc.

The aim of the internship is to try to use this static information (calculated by BIOCHAM) on the network structure so as to define drawing strategies and to set up the visualization tools of the interaction graph (GraphViz) so that he produces automatic drawings close to the manual drawings found in the publications.

Main activities

Our previous work on some BIOCHAM static analyzers is described in


The work will involve using this information to design and experiment with different species placement strategies and reactions in the GraphViz visualization tool. The evaluation can be done on the BioModels model warehouse by comparing the results with the drawings of the corresponding publications.

Results may be published in the Systems Biology Graphical Notation (SBGN) community

Skills

- Results may be published in the Systems Biology Graphical Notation (SBGN) community
- Satisfaction Problem
- Sylvain Soliman.
- Main activities
- Interaction graph (Graphviz)
- Technical drawings
- Automatic drawings
- Static information
- Static analyzers
- BIOCHAM software
- Visualization tools
- Interaction graph
- GraphViz visualization tool
- BioModels model warehouse
- Graphical Notation (SBGN)
- Systems Biology Graphical Notation (SBGN)
- Constraint Satisfaction Problem
This subject requires common and basic knowledge in algorithmics, programming, graphs and graphics. Specific knowledge of the Prolog programming language or of Computational Systems Biology will be a plus.

Benefits package
- Subsidised catering service
- Partially-reimbursed public transport
- Social security
- Paid leave
- Flexible working hours
- Sports facilities

Remuneration
500 euros/month