2018-00598 - PHD Traffic control in large-scale urban networks

**Type de contrat** : CDD de la fonction publique  
**Niveau de diplôme exigé** : Bac + 5 ou équivalent  
**Fonction** : Doctorant

**A propos du centre ou de la direction fonctionnelle**
Grenoble Rhône-Alpes Research Center groups together a few less than 800 people in 35 research teams and 9 research support departments.

Staff is localized on 5 campuses in Grenoble and Lyon, in close collaboration with labs, research and higher education institutions in Grenoble and Lyon, but also with the economic players in these areas.

Present in the fields of software, high-performance computing, Internet of things, image and data, but also simulation in oceanography and biology, it participates at the best level of international scientific achievements and collaborations in both Europe and the rest of the world.

**Contexte et atouts du poste**
Scale-FreeBack is an ERC Advanced Grant awarded to Carlos Canudas-de-Wit, Director of Research at the National Center for Scientific Research (CNRS), for the period Sep. 2016-2021. The ERC is hosted by the CNRS. The project will be conducted within the NeCS group (a joint CNRS (GIPSA-Lab)-INRIA team), at Grenoble France.

Scale-FreeBack is a project with the overall aim of developing holistic scale-free control methods of controlling complex network systems in the widest sense, and to set the foundations for a new control theory dealing with complex physical networks with an arbitrary size.

**Mission confiée**
This research proposal deals with the problem of controlling urban traffic network at an aggregated level. In fact, the control of “one-dimensional networks” (i.e. freeways) has been extensively studied using several approaches like: ramp metering, variable speed limits, rerouting, etc. However, urban traffic control on networks involves different techniques, and calls for different formulations.

The main tools used to control urban traffic are traffic lights.

Several approaches were developed in the past. Split cycle and offset optimization (SCOOT) and Sydney coordinated adaptive traffic system (SCATS) work well only when the traffic conditions are below saturation.

Others like PRODYN, real-time hierarchical optimized distributed and effective system (RHODES) and optimization policies for adaptive control (OPAC) are based on optimization algorithms but show numerical limitations when deployed in real time, and can therefore be used only at a few intersections.

Model-based control optimization methods are centralized and hence require significant communication infrastructure, while the Max-Pressure (MP) control approach is a local feedback requiring only information from adjacent links.
Principales activités

The aim of the above-mentioned studies was to control vehicle flows at each individual node. An alternative approach, which follows the ideas of the Scale-FreeBack project and is the objective of this thesis, consists in controlling only the inflows/outflows at the perimeter of some specific areas.

This “gating control strategy” was studied previously using ramp metering-like methods borrowed from the one-dimensional networks, but fundamental issues focusing on stability, scalability, controllability/observability and time-varying controlled areas were not considered.

To some extent, no efficient methods of traffic light control at the large-scale network level and meeting the associated complexity issues have yet been found.

This PhD thesis proposal aims at going beyond the present state of the art by introducing an innovative scalable model-based control approach, based on our recent developed 2D-LWR model [1] (which includes 2D wave propagations) in the team.

This model can be seen as a natural extension to 2D of the well-known CTM.

Several specific task will be expected:

- Study the controllability/observability of the 2D-CTM model
- Partition the network in zones which are controllable
- Identify (among all possible traffic light) control inputs those which are the most representative in our context.
- Design boundary control laws to improve the relevant traffic metrics

Validate the concept using a microscopic simulator.

Field tests and other realistic simulations to validate the theory will be performed using the equipment available at the Grenoble Traffic Lab center (see GTL), that is currently being extended at the level of city center of Grenoble (GTL-Ville project) where we are collecting traffic related data and constructing a real-time data-collection systems.

The algorithms developed in this work, will be integrated into the GTL-Ville project.

Experiments that cannot be realized in vivo, will be tested on a microscopic traffic simulator replicating the full complexity of the Grenoble urban network.

Compétences

Requested background:

- Control systems
- Applied mathematics
- Estimation theory

Avantages sociaux

- Subsidised catering service
- Partially-reimbursed public transport
- Social security
- Paid leave
- Flexible working hours
- Sports facilities

Rémunération

1757 Euros/month

Informations générales

- Thème/Domaine : Optimisation, apprentissage et méthodes statistiques
  Système & réseaux (BAP E)
Ville : Montbonnot
Centre Inria : CRI Grenoble - Rhône-Alpes
Date de prise de fonction souhaitée : 03-09-2018
Durée de contrat : 3 ans
Date limite pour postuler : 03-07-2018

Contacts

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Conditions pour postuler

Sécurité défense :
Ce poste est susceptible d’être affecté dans une zone à régime restrictif (ZRR), telle que définie dans le décret n°2011-1425 relatif à la protection du potentiel scientifique et technique de la nation (PPST). L’autorisation d’accès à une zone est délivrée par le chef d’établissement, après avis ministériel favorable, tel que défini dans l’arrêté du 03 juillet 2012, relatif à la PPST. Un avis ministériel défavorable pour un poste affecté dans une ZRR aurait pour conséquence l’annulation du recrutement.

Politique de recrutement :
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