2019-01429 - Doctorant F/H Towards Machine Learning Based Elastic In Situ Data Analysis for High Performance Computing Applications

Type de contrat : CDD de la fonction publique
Niveau de diplôme exigé : 1 Bac + 5 ou équivalent
Autre diplôme apprécié : Master de Science or Engineering
Fonction : Doctorant

A propos du centre ou de la direction fonctionnelle


Inria travaille avec de nombreuses entreprises et a accompagné la création de plus de 160 start-up. L’institut s’efforce ainsi de répondre aux enjeux de la transformation numérique de la science, de la société et de l’économie.

Contexte et atouts du poste

- Advisors: Gabriel Antoniu (KerData team), Matthieu Dorier (Argonne National Laboratory)
- Main contacts: gabriel.antoniu (at) inria.fr, mdorier (at) anl.gov
- Collaboration context: JLESC International Laboratory on Extreme-Scale Computing
- Expected start date: October 1st, 2019
- Application deadline: 27 March 2019

Location and Mobility

The thesis will be mainly hosted by the KerData team at Inria Rennes Bretagne Atlantique and will be co-advised by Matthieu Dorier (Argonne National Laboratory, USA). Rennes is the capital city of Brittany, in the western part of France. It is easy to reach thanks to the high-speed train line to Paris. Rennes is a dynamic, lively city and a major center for higher education and research: 25% of its population are students. The candidate is also expected to be hosted for 3-month internships at other partners: Argonne National Laboratory (USA), and JAXA (Japan, to be confirmed).

The KerData team in a nutshell for candidates

- As a PhD student mainly hosted in the KerData team, you will join a dynamic and enthusiastic group, committed to top-level research in the areas of High-Performance Computing and Big Data Analytics. Check the team’s web site: https://team.inria.fr/kerdata/.
- The team is leading multiple projects in top-level national and international collaborative environments, e.g., the JLESC international Laboratory on Extreme-Scale Computing: https://jlesc.github.io. It has active collaborations with top-level academic institutions all around the world (including the USA, Mexico, Spain, Germany, Japan, Romania, etc.). The team has close connections with the industry (e.g., Microsoft, Huawei, Total).
- The KerData team’s publication policy targets the best-level international journals and conferences of its scientific area. The team

Informations générales

- Thème/Domaine : Calcul distribué et à haute performance
  Systèmes & réseaux (BAP E)
- Ville : Rennes
- Centre Inria : CRI Rennes - Bretagne Atlantique
- Date de prise de fonction souhaitée : 2019-10-01
- Durée de contrat : 3 ans
- Date limite pour postuler : 2019-05-11

Contacts

- Equipe Inria : KERDATA
- Directeur de thèse : Antoniu Gabriel / gabriel.antoniu@inria.fr

A propos d’Inria

Inria, l’institut national de recherche dédié aux sciences du numérique, promeut l’excellence scientifique et le transfert pour avoir le plus grand impact. Il emploie 2400 personnes. Ses 200 équipes-projets agiles, en général communes avec des partenaires académiques, impliquent plus de 3000 scientifiques pour relever les défis des sciences informatiques et mathématiques, souvent à l’interface d’autres disciplines. Inria travaille avec de nombreuses entreprises et a accompagné la création de plus de 160 start-up. L’institut s’efforce ainsi de répondre aux enjeux de la transformation numérique de la science, de la société et de l’économie.

L’essentiel pour réussir

- An excellent Master degree in computer science or equivalent
- A strong profile in HPC is highly appreciated
- Strong knowledge of parallel and distributed systems
- Knowledge on storage and (parallel/distributed) file systems
- Ability and motivation to conduct high-quality research, including publishing the results in relevant venues
- Strong programming skills, in particular in C/C++ (including, if possible, C++14), and at least one scripting language (e.g. Python, Ruby)
- Strong software design skills (knowledge of design patterns in C/C++)
- Working experience in the areas of Big Data management, Cloud computing, HPC, is an advantage
- Very good communication skills in oral and written English.
- Open-mindedness, strong integration skills and team spirit

Consignes pour postuler

Merci de déposer en ligne CV, lettre de motivation et éventuelles recommandations.

Pour plus d’information, contactez gabriel.antoniu@inria.fr
also strongly favors experimental research, validated by implementation and experimentation of software prototypes with real-world applications on real-world platforms, e.g., clouds such as Microsoft Azure and some of the most powerful supercomputers in the world.

**Why joining the KerData team is an opportunity for you**

- The team's top-level collaborations strongly favor successful PhD theses dedicated to solving challenging problems at the edge of knowledge, in close interaction with top-level experts from both academia and industry.
  - To follow the career of our former PhD students, have a look here: [https://team.inria.fr/kerdata/team-members/](https://team.inria.fr/kerdata/team-members/).
- **The KerData team is committed to personalized advising and coaching**, to help PhD candidates train and grow in all directions that are critical in the process of becoming successful, top-level researchers.
  - You will have the opportunity to present your work in top level venues where you will meet the best experts in the field.
- **What you will learn.** Beyond learning how to perform meaningful and impactful research, you will acquire useful skills for communication both in written form (how to write a good paper, how to design a convincing poster) and in oral form (how to present their work in a clear, well-structured and convincing way).
  - This is how some of our PhD students received awards in recognition to the quality of their research. Have a look here: [https://team.inria.fr/kerdata/awards/](https://team.inria.fr/kerdata/awards/).
- **Additional complementary training** will be available, with the goal of preparing the PhD candidates for their postdoctoral career, should it be envisioned in academia, industry or in an entrepreneurial context, to create a startup company.

**Mission confiée**

**Description**

High-Performance Computing (HPC) refers to the use of parallel processing techniques on high-end machines (supercomputers) to solve complex problems from science and industry which require extreme amounts of computation. The major focus is on performance, therefore HPC typically relies on extreme-scale aggregation of the fastest available hardware and software technologies for processing, communication and storage. Supercomputers are expected to reach exascale by 2023 (10^36 operations per second). With millions of cores grouped in massively multi-core nodes, such machines are capable of running scientific simulations at scales and speeds never achieved before, benefitting domains such as biology, astrophysics, or computational fluid dynamics. These simulations however pose important data management challenges: they typically produce very large amounts of data (in the order of petabytes) that have to be processed to get a scientific insight.

**Why in situ and in transit analytics?** A traditional approach for analyzing such data generated by simulations consists of transferring them from the supercomputer to persistent storage, from where they can be visualized and analyzed after the end of the computation (“offline analysis”). However, as the exascale is getting near, with the challenging volumes of data generated at increasing rates, storing the data for later, “offline” analysis, becomes infeasible. Hence, many computational scientists have moved to “in situ” analysis strategies, in which analysis tasks are executed on the same nodes (where the simulation is running). This brings several advantages: it is not necessarily useful any longer to store the whole data before it is analyzed; data transfers could actually even be fully avoided if the whole analytics can be performed “in situ.” In addition, it becomes possible to get early insights from the simulation while it runs, which makes it possible to detect ways to act on the simulation (e.g., change its parameters, increase the simulation resolution, etc.). In the case where the analytics is heavier, data generated by the simulations can be transferred from the simulation resources to dedicated resources for what is called “in transit analytics” (still performed while the simulation is running, but more loosely coupled with it), before they are finally transferred on persistent storage. These techniques (“in situ” and “in transit”) are essential for making sense of the sheer volumes of data generated at increasing rates, and hence crucial for a wide array of applications, ranging from extreme weather and climate prediction to fundamental biology and astrophysics.

**Sécurité défense :**

Ce poste est susceptible d’être affecté dans une zone à régime restrictif (ZRR), telle que définie dans le décret n°2011-1425 relatif à la protection du potentiel scientifique et technique de la nation (PPST). L’autorisation d’accès à une zone est délivrée par le chef d’établissement, après avis ministériel favorable, tel que défini dans l’arrêté du 03 juillet 2012, relatif à la PPST. Un avis ministériel défavorable pour un poste affecté dans une ZRR aurait pour conséquence l’annulation du recrutement.

**Politique de recrutement :**

Dans le cadre de sa politique diversité, tous les postes Inria sont accessibles aux personnes en situation de handicap.

**Attention:** Les candidatures doivent être déposées en ligne sur le site Inria. Le traitement des candidatures adressées par d’autres canaux n’est pas garanti.
transit analysis) usually rely on libraries or middlewares that interfaces the simulation with analysis codes.

Challenge: support elastic in situ/in transit analytics. To enable in situ/in transit analysis, various software technologies such as Damaris [1,2], Decaf [3], ADIOS [4] and FlowVR [5] have been developed. In all of the mentioned technologies, a subset of available resources (e.g. cores/nodes) are allocated to data analysis tasks. But, in current solutions, this allocation is completely static. This means that it is not possible for the simulation to attach/detach analysis processes while the simulation is running. This is not appropriate, as it leads to resource wasting. In addition, it is currently not possible to dynamically provision the analysis resources. These elasticity requirements are crucial in some cases wherein the in situ/ in transit analysis (e.g. visualization) is only needed for short, specific times (e.g. during working time) and should be turned off later (e.g. during the night). To this date, no existing in situ/ in transit analysis middleware allows such elasticity.

A step towards Machine Learning based resource management. Artificial intelligence techniques, including machine learning (ML) and deep learning (DL), have recently started to be considered as tools for optimizing resource usage in the HPC area. They are a means to enable autonomic data services which can adapt to the use of data, the state of the system, and would make resources available for more effective usage; lower risk of data loss; and provide more predictable performance. While some initial efforts have already been made on autonomic data services, this type of adaptation is almost absent today in HPC environments. Our approach will consist of designing the middleware-level mechanisms that will enable the use of ML-based solutions for optimized resource management. In particular, we focus on enabling elastic in situ/in transit analytics at the middleare level as a step towards this goal.

Thesis goal. This PhD thesis aims to enable elastic in situ/in transit analysis. From a practical perspective, research will be conducted to explore how to support such features. After designing a technology-independent solution, for experimental purposes, these features will be implemented and evaluated on top of the Damaris middleware. Damaris enables scalable I/O (input/output) and in situ / in transit analysis and visualization of HPC simulations and is developed at INRIA in the KerData team: https://project.inria.fr/damaris/. While simulations run on multicore nodes, Damaris allows to dedicate some of the cores (or some supercomputer nodes) for data processing tasks. It also enables visualization frameworks to connect and interact with running simulations. Damaris is used by several academic and industry partners, including Total, who uses it for in situ visualization of its geophysics simulations.

Principales activités

Roadmap

The workplan for enabling elastic in situ / in transit analysis will involve the following steps:

1. Research on (1) how to efficiently migrate and reorganize data when the amount of resources dedicated to analysis tasks changes;(2) how to do so in a way that is transparent to both the running simulation and the analysis programs;(3) how to make efficient use of RDMA (Remote Direct Memory Access) to provide such elasticity.
2. As a refinement, design a mechanism for incrementally migrating running stream tasks from the in-situ processing backend to the in-transit one without stopping the query execution.
3. Once the support for elastic in situ analytics is operational, we will seek to validate it in a context where resource management decisions are guided by ML-based tools that exploit historic data on resource usage to guide resource allocation decisions. This work will be conducted in close collaboration with experts in ML/DL from ANL and Inria.

While the primary goal is to think outside the box and freely explore the full design space in a technology-independent way, for evaluation purposes we will favor experimentation with software frameworks and technologies under development in our teams, including Damaris, Argobots and Mercury (described below). In particular, this research will support the design of Damaris 2.0 (currently in progress).

Target Use Cases

The proposed solution will be evaluated with real-life simulations. In particular, we envision the establishment of a collaboration with the Japanese Aerospace Exploration Agency (JAXA). In this context, the candidate would have an internship at JAXA to augment an existing CFD simulation with elastic in situ/transit visualization on a heterogeneous machine (to be confirmed). Other application environments will be explored in collaboration with Argonne National Lab (USA), with which the KerData team has a long-running collaboration, and where the PhD student could also make research visits.

Enabling Technologies

In the process of enabling elasticity in Damaris, we will leverage the following tools:

Damaris

Damaris is a middleware for scalable, asynchronous I/O and in situ and in transit visualization and processing developed at Inria. Damaris already demonstrated its scalability up to 16,000 cores on some of the top supercomputers of Teraflops, including Titan, Jaguar, and Kraken. Developments are currently in progress in a contractual framework between Total and Inria to use Damaris for in situ visualization for extreme-scales simulations at Total.

Mercury

Mercury is a Remote Procedure Call (RPC) and Remote Direct Memory Access (RDMA) library developed by Argonne National Laboratory and the HDF Group. It is at the core
of multiple DOE projects at Argonne. Mercury enables high-speed, low-latency RPCs and data transfers over a wide range of network fabrics (TCP, Infiniband, Cray GNI, etc.). Considering the fact that current MPI implementations are not flexible in heterogeneous environments, in the context of this PhD thesis, Mercury will be used to replace the communication layer of Damaris.

Argobots

Argobots is a threading/tasking framework developed at Argonne. It enables efficient use of massively multicore architectures, targeting Exascale supercomputer. It will be used to enable coroutine-style analysis plugins in Damaris.

The thesis will be mainly hosted by the KerData team at Inria Rennes Bretagne Atlantique. It will include collaborations with Argonne National Lab (which provides some of tools for RPC, RDMA, and threading that we intend to use) and JAXA (which will provide the main use case).

References


Financing Project

This PhD will be done in the context of the JLESC International Laboratory on Extreme-Scale Computing. Selected candidates will be supported by the team to obtain various funding schemes, depending on eligibility (details are available from PhD advisors).

Compétences

- An excellent Master degree in computer science or equivalent
- A strong profile in HPC is highly appreciated
- Strong knowledge of parallel and distributed systems
- Knowledge on storage and (parallel/distributed) file systems
- Ability and motivation to conduct high-quality research, including publishing the results in relevant venues
- Strong programming skills, in particular in C/C++ (including, if possible, C++14), and at least one scripting language (e.g. Python, Ruby)
- Strong software design skills (knowledge of design patterns in C/C++)
- Working experience in the areas of Big Data management, Cloud computing, HPC, is an advantage
- Very good communication skills in oral and written English.
- Open-mindedness, strong integration skills and team spirit

Avantages

- Restauration subventionnée
- Transports publics remboursés partiellement
- Congés: 7 semaines de congés annuels + 10 jours de RTT (base temps plein) + possibilité d’autorisations d’absence exceptionnelle (ex : enfants malades, déménagement)
- Possibilité de télétravail (après 6 mois d’ancienneté) et aménagement du temps de travail
- Équipements professionnels à disposition (visioconférence, prêts de matériels informatiques, etc.)
- Prestations sociales, culturelles et sportives (Association de gestion des œuvres sociales d’Inria)
- Accès à la formation professionnelle
- Sécurité sociale

Rémunération

Rémunération mensuelle brute de 1982 euros les deux premières années et 2085 euros la troisième année