



Offre n°2025-09062

PhD Position F/M Bayesian Inverse Problems for Wave Propagation towards Exascale

Le descriptif de l'offre ci-dessous est en Anglais

Type de contrat : CDD

Niveau de diplôme exigé : Bac + 5 ou équivalent

Fonction : Doctorant

A propos du centre ou de la direction fonctionnelle

The Inria center at the University of Bordeaux is one of the nine Inria centers in France and has about twenty research teams.. The Inria centre is a major and recognized player in the field of digital sciences. It is at the heart of a rich R&D and innovation ecosystem: highly innovative SMEs, large industrial groups, competitiveness clusters, research and higher education players, laboratories of excellence, technological research institute...

Contexte et atouts du poste

In the framework of the ExaMA project within the NumPEX program (<https://numpex.irisa.fr/>), we propose a PhD thesis on the topic of Ensemble and Machine Learning Methods for Bayesian Inverse Problems. The objective of NumPEX is to develop an exascale software stack, and the Exa-MA project is dedicated to the mathematical algorithms to achieve this. The Inria MAKUTU project specializes in inverse problems for wave propagation problems and the theoretical and numerical methods needed for their solution

Mission confiée

In an inverse problem, we seek the (unknown) model parameters from (known) measurements of the system's solution. The direct system—in our case a partial differential equation with its boundary and initial conditions—can be considered as an operator from parameter space into data/observation space. The inverse problem, from data space into parameter space, is ill-posed [1, 2]. The deterministic approach for solving the inverse problem consists of minimizing a cost function that expresses the error, or mismatch, between the model predictions and the measured observations, or data. We usually add a regularization term (Tikhonov approach) to penalize solutions that are too oscillatory. This nonlinear minimization is usually performed by a method from the quasi-Newton family [3].

Bayes' Theorem provides a framework for the solution of a more general inverse problem, where we seek the posterior probability distribution of a function, given prior knowledge of its distribution and measurements of an observed quantity that depends on the unknown, or hidden function. Mathematically, the theorem quantifies a posterior probability distribution (ppd) as a function of an a priori distribution that captures any previous knowledge about the parameters, and a likelihood function that is obtained by solving the direct model for given parameter values. The resulting a posteriori law is both the solution of the inverse problem and provides a complete quantification of the uncertainty in this solution. The posterior distribution is usually simulated using Markov Chain Monte Carlo (MCMC) methods [2,4], though in this project we will employ

- ensemble Kalman filters,
- machine learning.

[1] M. Asch, M. Bocquet, M. Nodet. Data Assimilation: Methods, Algorithms and Applications. SIAM. 2016.

[2] M. Asch. A Toolbox for Digital Twins: from Model-Based to Data-Driven. SIAM. 2022.

[3] J. Nocedal, S. Wright. Numerical Optimization. Springer. 2006.

[4] A. Gelman, J. Carlin, H. Stern, D. Dunson, A. Vehtari, D. Rubin. Bayesian Data Analysis, 3rd edition. CRC Press, 2014

Principales activités

In this thesis, we want to study, both theoretically and numerically, the solution of inverse problems for wave propagation. A simple case is described by the acoustic wave equation, in a bounded domain, with varying sound speed function over the domain. This case can be easily generalized to more realistic wave propagation problems, including elastic and anisotropic effects.

1. Formulate and solve the direct problem of wave propagation using the methods and software tools developed by the MAKUTU team [5].
2. Based on [5], formulate the Bayesian inverse problem (BIP) for the wave equation.
3. Give all details of the existence, and convergence properties of the BIP solution.
4. Propose a MCMC method [2, 4] for solving the BIP. An alternative approach for solving the BIP, is to use an ensemble Kalman filter (EnKF) [1, 2]. This method is known as ensemble Kalman inversion, and was first formulated in [6].
5. Based on [6], formulate the EKI approach for the wave equation.
6. Give all details of the existence, and convergence properties of the EKI solution.
7. Propose a EnKF method [2] for solving the EKI problem.

In a second phase, we will consider machine learning based surrogates that can be used to replace the very costly evaluation of the direct propagation model, especially in 3D space. The machine learning model will be based on a PINN approach [7]. Both MCMC and EKI are methods that can be readily parallelized. This is the ultimate goal of the ExaMA project: to develop a highly parallelized library for the solution of inverse problems in wave propagation. In a final phase, we will then consider scaling up to very large inverse problems on Exascale-ready computing platforms. For this we will generalize the MELISSA-DA framework [8] to the solution of a wide class of inverse problems for wave propagation. This part of the thesis will be done in close collaboration with the DataMove INRIA team <https://www.inria.fr/en/datamove>.

[1] M. Asch, M. Bocquet, M. Nodet. Data Assimilation: Methods, Algorithms and Applications. SIAM. 2016.

[2] M. Asch. A Toolbox for Digital Twins: from Model-Based to Data-Driven. SIAM. 2022.

[4] A. Gelman, J. Carlin, H. Stern, D. Dunson, A. Vehtari, D. Rubin. Bayesian Data Analysis, 3rd edition. CRC Press, 2014

[5] A. Stuart. (2010). Inverse problems: A Bayesian perspective. *Acta Numerica*, 19, 451-559. doi:10.1017/S0962492910000061.

[6] M. A. Iglesias, K. J. H. Law and A. M. Stuart. Ensemble Kalman methods for inverse problems. *Inverse Problems* 29 (2013).

[7] M. Raissi, P. Perdikaris, and G.E. Karniadakis. Physics-Informed Neural Networks: A Deep Learning Framework for Solving Forward and Inverse Problems Involving Nonlinear Partial Differential Equations. *Journal of Computational*

Physics, Volume 378, 1 February 2019, Pages 686-707.
<https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jcp.2018.10.045>

[8] Friedemann S, Raffin B. An elastic framework for ensemble-based large-scale data assimilation. The International Journal of High Performance Computing Applications. 2022;36(4):543-563. doi:10.1177/10943420221110507

Compétences

Technical skills and level required : skills in applied mathematics for partial differential equations as well as knowledge of probability and stochastic differential equations; numerical skills and coding experience

Languages : english

Avantages

- Subsidized meals
- Partial reimbursement of public transport costs
- Professional equipment available (videoconferencing, loan of computer equipment, etc.)
- Social, cultural and sports events and activities
- Access to vocational training
- Social security coverage

Rémunération

2200€ gross per month before tax

Informations générales

- **Thème/Domaine** : Schémas et simulations numériques
Calcul Scientifique (BAP E)
- **Ville** : Pau
- **Centre Inria** : [Centre Inria de l'université de Bordeaux](#)
- **Date de prise de fonction souhaitée** : 2025-10-01
- **Durée de contrat** : 3 ans
- **Date limite pour postuler** : 2025-07-02

Contacts

- **Équipe Inria :** [MAKUTU](#)
- **Directeur de thèse :**
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A propos d'Inria

Inria est l'institut national de recherche dédié aux sciences et technologies du numérique. Il emploie 2600 personnes. Ses 215 équipes-projets agiles, en général communes avec des partenaires académiques, impliquent plus de 3900 scientifiques pour relever les défis du numérique, souvent à l'interface d'autres disciplines. L'institut fait appel à de nombreux talents dans plus d'une quarantaine de métiers différents. 900 personnels d'appui à la recherche et à l'innovation contribuent à faire émerger et grandir des projets scientifiques ou entrepreneuriaux qui impactent le monde. Inria travaille avec de nombreuses entreprises et a accompagné la création de plus de 200 start-up. L'institut s'efforce ainsi de répondre aux enjeux de la transformation numérique de la science, de la société et de l'économie.

L'essentiel pour réussir

The candidate should have strong skills in applied mathematics for partial differential equations as well as knowledge of probability and stochastic differential equations. The thesis also requires numerical skills and coding experience to solve the underlying partial differential equations and to implement the stochastic simulation methods. Basic knowledge of machine learning will be appreciated. The candidate should be at ease in English, including reading, understanding and communication.

The thesis will be co-supervised by Prof. Mark Asch, who has a long experience in data assimilation and inverse problems.

Most of the work will take place in Pau, on the office of the Makutu team hosted by the Université de Pau et des Pays de l'Adour. Missions to Grenoble will be organized to foster collaboration with the Inria Datamove team. The doctoral student will have the opportunity to follow training courses that may help him/her to successfully complete his/her thesis project. She/he will be encouraged to take part in conferences to present their results, and to write publications in peer-reviewed journals.

Attention: Les candidatures doivent être déposées en ligne sur le site Inria. Le traitement des candidatures adressées par d'autres canaux n'est pas garanti.

Consignes pour postuler

Thank you to send:

- CV
- Cover letter
- Master marks and ranking
- Proof of educational thesis registration
- Support letter(s)

Sécurité défense :

Ce poste est susceptible d'être affecté dans une zone à régime restrictif (ZRR), telle que définie dans le décret n°2011-1425 relatif à la protection du potentiel scientifique et technique de la nation (PPST). L'autorisation d'accès à une zone est délivrée par le chef d'établissement, après avis ministériel favorable, tel que défini dans l'arrêté du 03 juillet 2012, relatif à la PPST. Un avis ministériel défavorable pour un poste affecté dans une ZRR aurait pour conséquence l'annulation du recrutement.

Politique de recrutement :

Dans le cadre de sa politique diversité, tous les postes Inria sont accessibles aux personnes en situation de handicap.