Offer #2023-06769

PhD Position F/M PhD position F/M Building physics-based multilevel surrogate models from neural networks. Application to electromagnetic wave propagation

**Contract type:** Fixed-term contract

**Level of qualifications required:** Graduate degree or equivalent

**Other valued qualifications:** Master in applied mathematics or scientific computing

**Fonction:** PhD Position

**About the research centre or Inria department**

Inria is a national research institute dedicated to digital sciences that promotes scientific excellence and transfer. Inria employs 2,400 collaborators organised in research project teams, usually in collaboration with its academic partners. This agility allows its scientists, from the best universities in the world, to meet the challenges of computer science and mathematics, either through multidisciplinarity or with industrial partners.

A precursor to the creation of Deep Tech companies, Inria has also supported the creation of more than 150 start-ups from its research teams. Inria effectively faces the challenges of the digital transformation of science, society and the economy.

**Context**

Numerical simulations of electromagnetic wave propagation problems primarily rely on a space discretization of the system of Maxwell’s equations using methods such as finite differences or finite elements. For complex and realistic three-dimensional situations, such a process can be computationally prohibitive, especially when the end goal consists in many-query analyses (e.g., optimization design and uncertainty quantification). Therefore, developing cost-effective _surrogate models_ is of great practical significance.

There exist different possible ways of building surrogate models for a given system of partial differential equations (PDEs) in a non-intrusive way (i.e., with minimal modifications to an existing discretization-based simulation methodology). In recent years, approaches based on neural networks (NNs) and Deep Learning (DL) have shown much promise, thanks to their capability of handling nonlinear or/and high dimensional problems. Model-based neural networks, as opposed to purely data-driven neural networks, are currently the subject of intense research for devising high-performance surrogate models of parametric PDEs.

The concept of Physics-Informed Neural Networks (PINNs) introduced in [1], and later revisited in [2], is one typical example. PINNs are neural networks trained to solve supervised learning tasks while respecting some given physical laws, described by a (possibly nonlinear) PDE system. PINNs can be seen as a continuous approximation of the solution to the PDE. They seamlessly integrate information from both data and PDEs by embedding the PDEs into the loss function of a neural network. Automatic differentiation is then used to actually differentiate the network and compute the loss function.

Following similar ideas, and relying on the widely known result that NNs are universal approximators of continuous functions, DeepONets [3] are deep neural networks (DNNs) whose goal is to learn continuous operators or complex systems from streams of scattered data. A DeepONet consists of a DNN for encoding the discrete input function space (branch net) and another DNN for encoding the domain of the output functions (trunk net). PINNs and DeepONet are merely two examples of many DNNs that have contributed to making the field of Scientific Machine Learning (SciML) so popular in recent years.

This PhD project is expected to be a follow-up to the Master internship referred as 2023-06804.

**Assignment**

The main challenge when devising scalable physics-based DNNs for realistic applications is the computational cost of network training, especially when they are only used for forward modeling. Another important issue lies in their capacity to accurately deal with high frequency and/or multiscale problems. In particular, it has been observed that, when higher frequencies and multiscale features are present in the PDE solution, the accuracy of PINNs usually rapidly decreases, while the cost of training and evaluation drastically increases. There are multiple reasons for this behavior. One is the spectral bias of NNs, which is the well-studied property that NNs have difficulties learning high frequencies. Another
reason is that, as high frequencies and multiscale features are added, more collocation points as well as a larger NN with significantly more free parameters, are typically required to accurately approximate the solution. This leads to an increase in the complexity of the optimization problem to be solved when training the NN.

In the present PhD project, we propose to study multilevel distributed strategies for fast training of physics-based DNNs for modeling electromagnetic wave propagation in the frequency domain. We will in particular investigate strategies that can accurately and efficiently deal with the simulation of electromagnetic wave interaction with heterogeneous media, and geometrically complex scattering structures. In this context, the ultimate goal of this project is to develop high-performance parametric NN surrogates that will be used as the forward model in inverse design studies. The first step will be to develop novel methodologies, and assess their performance in a simplified two-dimensional case, on a Helmholtz-type PDE. The extension to the more general three-dimensional Maxwell's equations will be considered in a second step, informed by the results obtained in the Helmholtz case in two space dimensions.


Main activities

1. Bibliographical study for a review of (1) physics-based DNNs for wave propagation type models and (2) strategies for designing multilevel and distributed physics-based DNNs.
2. Study in 2D case by considering wave propagation modeled by a Helmholtz-type PDE
3. Study in the 3D case for dealing with the system of frequency-domain Maxwell equations
4. Software development activities
5. Numerical assessment of the proposed NN-based physics-based multilevel surrogate models
6. Publications

Skills

Technical skills and level required

- Sound knowledge of numerical analysis for PDEs
- Sound knowledge of Machine Learning / Deep Learning with Artificial Neural Networks
- Basic knowledge of physics of electromagnetic wave propagation

Software development skills: Python programming, TensorFlow, Pytorch

Relational skills: team worker (verbal communication, active listening, motivation and commitment)

Other valued appreciated: good level of spoken and written English

Remuneration

Gross Salary per month: 2082€ brut per month (year 1 & 2) and 2190€ brut per month (year 3)

General Information

- Theme/Domain: Numerical schemes and simulations  
  Scientific computing (BAP E)
- Town/city: Sophia Antipolis
- Inria Center: Centre Inria d'Université Côte d'Azur
- Starting date: 2024-12-01
- Deadline to apply: 2024-11-30

Contacts

- Inria Team: ATLANTIS
- PhD Supervisor: 
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About Inria
Inria is the French national research institute dedicated to digital science and technology. It employs 2,600 people. Its 200 agile project teams, generally run jointly with academic partners, include more than 3,500 scientists and engineers working to meet the challenges of digital technology, often at the interface with other disciplines. The Institute also employs numerous talents in over forty different professions. 900 research support staff contribute to the preparation and development of scientific and entrepreneurial projects that have a worldwide impact.

**Warning**: you must enter your e-mail address in order to save your application to Inria. Applications must be submitted online on the Inria website. Processing of applications sent from other channels is not guaranteed.

**Instruction to apply**

**Defence Security**:
This position is likely to be situated in a restricted area (ZRR), as defined in Decree No. 2011-1425 relating to the protection of national scientific and technical potential (PPST). Authorisation to enter an area is granted by the director of the unit, following a favourable Ministerial decision, as defined in the decree of 3 July 2012 relating to the PPST. An unfavourable Ministerial decision in respect of a position situated in a ZRR would result in the cancellation of the appointment.

**Recruitment Policy**:
As part of its diversity policy, all Inria positions are accessible to people with disabilities.