training exercises. To tackle the issue of inter-individual variability, the present PhD project proposes different, personalized pace according to the different dimensions that characterize attentional operate in a linear, non-personalized manner: difficulty increases in the same way and along the same 

Deficit and Hyperactivity Disorders). Recent works have shown the great potential of computerized attention training [3] for an example societal crisis of attention.

The project will be performed in Flowers team in collaboration with C. Moulin-Frier, PY Oudeyer and D. Roy in order to achieve optimal leverage on the succeed KIDLEARN and KIDBREATH projects by generalizing them to another population, i.e. the elderly and young adults with attentional-deficits. It also relies on active international collaborations, in particular with the laboratory of D. Bavelier at the University of Geneva (https://www.unige.ch/fapse/brainlearning/), an expert in neurosciences and humans to acquire autonomously and cumulatively repertoires of novel skills over extended periods of time. The originality of the team's work is to focus on intrinsic motivation as an essential ingredient of learning, notably for tackling education challenges.

Flowers is an interdisciplinary research group, studying mechanisms that can allow robots and humans to acquire autonomously and cumulatively repertoires of novel skills over extended periods of time. The originality of the team's work is to focus on intrinsic motivation as an essential ingredient of learning, notably for tackling education challenges. One of main team's purpose is studying how machine learning can be designed to guide each individual in his/her learning. To this end, the Flowers team develops an innovative mixed approach of Intelligent Tutorial Systems (ITS) that combines computational models of artificial curiosity and intrinsic motivation [1], Multi-Arm Bandit (MAB) techniques to efficiently manage the optimization process of curriculum exploration [2], and expert knowledge to constrain and bootstrap initial exploration of the MAB. The expected benefit is to provide ITS maximizing both learning progress and intrinsic motivation and curiosity on the inter-individual variability of learning across life span or on their neuro-protective role against the aging effects or attentional disorders.

The Flowers team project at Inria and Ensta ParisTech, studies mechanisms that can allow robots and humans to acquire autonomously and cumulatively repertoires of novel skills over extended periods of time. This includes mechanisms for learning by self-exploration, as well as learning through interaction with peers, for the acquisition of both sensorimotor and social skills. Sensorimotor skills include locomotion, affordance learning, active manipulation. Interactive skills include grounded language use and understanding, adaptive interaction protocols, and human-robot collaboration.

The postdoctoral position addresses the challenge to build a "human-centered digital word" with innovative interactive systems providing "adaptive and personalized interactions with humans" for generalizing "their wellbeing and health". Additionally, this PhD program is primarily based on an interdisciplinary approach of individuals’ intrinsic motivation (curiosity) as critical ingredient for synergetic human-computer interactions. Today, very few studies provide information on the impact of intrinsic motivation and curiosity on the inter-individual variability of learning across life span or on their neuro-protective role against the aging effects or attentional disorders.

The Flowers team project at Inria and Ensta ParisTech, studies mechanisms that can allow robots and humans to acquire autonomously and cumulatively repertoires of novel skills over extended periods of time. This includes mechanisms for learning by self-exploration, as well as learning through interaction with peers, for the acquisition of both sensorimotor and social skills. Sensorimotor skills include locomotion, affordance learning, active manipulation. Interactive skills include grounded language use and understanding, adaptive interaction protocols, and human-robot collaboration.

One of main team's purpose is studying how machine learning can be designed to guide each individual in his/her learning. To this end, the Flowers team develops an innovative mixed approach of Intelligent Tutorial Systems (ITS) that combines computational models of artificial curiosity and intrinsic motivation [1], Multi-Arm Bandit (MAB) techniques to efficiently manage the optimization process of curriculum exploration [2], and expert knowledge to constrain and bootstrap initial exploration of the MAB. The expected benefit is to provide ITS maximizing both learning progress and pedagogical efficiency (learner's motivation and engagement, time-gains for learning, etc.). Such approach might be also relevant for reeducation issues where inter-individual variability, and thus intervention personalization are challenges of the same magnitude as those for education of children. Consequently, the present postdoctoral program is part of this line of research and aims to transfer our mixed approach to the rehabilitation field of attention in young adults with cognitive disorders and in older adults.

Because of its cross-cutting nature to all cognitive activity such as learning tasks, attention is a hallmark of good cognitive health throughout life and more particularly in the current context of societal crisis of attention. Recent works have shown the great potential of computerized attention training [3] for an example of attention training), with efficient training transfers to other cognitive activities, and this, over a wide spectrum of individuals (children, elderly, individuals with cognitive pathology such as Attention Deficit and Hyperactivity Disorders).

Despite this promising result, a major hurdle is challenging: the high inter-individual variability in responding to such interventions. Some individuals are good responders (significant improvement) to the intervention, others respond variably, and finally some respond poorly, not at all, or occasionally [4]. A central limitation of computerized attention training systems is that the training sequences operate in a linear, non-personalized manner: difficulty increases in the same way and along the same dimensions for all subjects [3]. However, different subjects require in principle a progression at a different, personalized pace according to the different dimensions that characterize attentional training exercises. To tackle the issue of inter-individual variability, the present PhD project proposes

Informations générales

- Thème/Domaine : Robotique et environnements intelligents
- Ville : Talence
- Centre Inria : CRI Bordeaux - Sud-Ouest
- Date de prise de fonction souhaitée : 2022-09-01
- Durée de contrat : 12 mois
- Date limite pour postuler : 2022-02-21

Contacts

- Equipe Inria : FLOWERS
- Recruteur : Sauzouël Hélène / Helene.Sauzeon@inria.fr

A propos d’Inria

Inria est l’institut national de recherche dédié aux sciences et technologies du numérique. Il emploie 2600 personnes. Ses 200 équipes-projets agiles, en général communées avec des partenaires académiques, impliquent plus de 3500 scientifiques pour relever les défis du numérique, souvent à l’interface d’autres disciplines. L’Institut fait appel à de nombreux talents dans plus d’une quarantaine de métiers différents. 900 personnels d’appui à la recherche et à l’innovation contribuent à faire émerger et grandir des projets scientifiques ou entrepreneuriaux qui impacteront le monde.

Inria travaille avec de nombreuses entreprises et a accompagné la création de plus de 180 start-up. L’Institut s’efforce ainsi de répondre aux enjeux de la transformation numérique de la science, de la société et de l’Économie.

L’essentiel pour réussir

Expected PhD domain : cognitive science and its related areas (psychology, cognitive neuroscience, machine learning, etc.)

Consignes pour postuler

Please apply on the Inria website (jobs.inria) by submitting the following documents:
- CV including the list of publications
- cover letter
- possibly letter(s) of recommendation

Sécurité défense :

Ce poste est susceptible d’être affecté dans une zone à régime restrictif (ZRR), telle que définie dans le décret n°2001-425 relatif à la protection du potentiel scientifique et technique de la nation (PPST). L’autorisation d’accès à une zone est délivrée par le chef d’établissement, après avis ministériel favorable, tel que défini dans l’arrêté du 03 juillet 2012, relatif à la PPST. Un avis ministériel défavorable pour un poste affecté dans une ZRR aurait pour conséquence l’annulation du recrutement.

Politique de recrutement :

Dans le cadre de sa politique diversité, tous les postes Inria sont accessibles aux personnes en situation de handicap.

Attention : Les candidatures doivent être déposées en ligne sur le site Inria.

Le traitement des candidatures adressées par d’autres canaux n’est pas garanti.
to apply some principles from intelligent tutorial systems (ITS) to the field of attention training.

In this context, the Flowers team has developed automatic learning algorithms such as those developed in the KidLearn project, which allow to customize the learner's path according to his/her progress and thus optimize his/her learning trajectory while stimulating his/her motivation by the progress made [2, 6]. ITS are widely identified in intervention research as a successful way to address the challenge of personalization, but no studies to date have actually been conducted for attention training. Thus, whether ITS, and in particular personalization algorithms, can optimize the number of responders to an attention training program remains an open question. Additionally, as well documented in lifespan studies, motivational objects change across ages (for example, the interest for social stimuli increases with increasing age).

Consequently, the postdoctoral activities will be to assess thanks to experimental studies whether personalization according to the learning progress of the individual generates more responders and whether curiosity states induced by social contents of stimuli are a critical ingredient for the older adults to be responsive to the personalized training.

References

Compétences
Required Knowledge and background:

- Cognitive modelling and applied machine learning
- Strong skills in human-computer interaction and human factors
- Advanced knowledge for statistics applied to human performance
- Strong Interests for experimental studies with human

Avantages

- Subsidized meals
- Partial reimbursement of public transport costs
- Professional equipment available (videoconferencing, loan of computer equipment, etc.)
- Social, cultural and sports events and activities
- Access to vocational training
- Social security coverage

Rémunération

The gross monthly salary is set at 2653 euros (amount before payroll and income taxes)