**A propos du centre ou de la direction fonctionnelle**

The Inria centre at Université Côte d'Azur includes 37 research teams and 8 support services. The centre's staff (about 500 people) is made up of scientists of different nationalities, engineers, technicians and administrative staff. The teams are mainly located on the university campuses of Sophia Antipolis and Nice as well as Montpellier, in close collaboration with research and higher education laboratories and establishments (Université Côte d'Azur, CNRS, INRIA, INRETS,...), but also with the region's economic players.

With a presence in the fields of computational neuroscience and biology, data science and modeling, software engineering and certification, as well as collaborative robotics, the Inria Centre at Université Côte d'Azur is a major player in terms of scientific excellence through its results and collaborations at both European and international levels.

**Contexte et atouts du poste**

Atlantis is a joint project-team between Inria and the Jean-Alexandre Dieudonné Mathematics Laboratory at Université Côte d'Azur. The team gathers applied mathematicians and computational scientists who are collaboratively undertaking research activities aiming at the design, analysis, development and application of innovative numerical methods for systems of partial differential equations (PDEs) modeling nanoscale light-matter interaction problems. In this context, the team is developing the DIOGENES [https://diogenes.inria.fr/] software suite, which implements several Discontinuous Galerkin (DG) type methods tailored to the systems of time- and frequency-domain Maxwell equations possibly coupled to differential equations modeling the behaviour of propagation media at optical frequencies. DIOGENES is a unique numerical framework leveraging the capabilities of DG techniques for the simulation of multiscale problems relevant to nanophotonics and nanoplasmonics.

**Mission confiée**

Metasurfaces are planar structures that possess remarkable capabilities to manipulate light beyond what conventional optical components can achieve [1]. These intriguing flat surfaces have garnered significant research interest and have led to the development of efficient metasurface-based devices, such as achromatic metalenses [2,3], color holograms [4], and even metasurfaces with active functionalities [5,6]. While metasurfaces were initially explored for classical applications of optics, recent research has demonstrated their potential for quantum technology [7]. Unlike classical applications of optics, which use wave-like descriptions of light, quantum applications rely on the manipulation of individual photons to achieve quantum information processing tasks.

Classical electromagnetic (EM) simulations are based on classical physics and describe the behavior of light as a wave. These simulations are often used to predict the response of metasurfaces to the incoming light, including the polarization, amplitude or even reshaping the wavefront [5,9,9]. However, when the interaction involves a single photon, classical EM simulations are not accurate enough to describe the behavior of the system. This is because classical physics assumes a continuous distribution of energy, while quantum mechanics describes energy as being quantized into discrete packets, called photons. Therefore, classical EM simulations cannot accurately capture the quantum mechanical effects of the interaction between a single photon and a metasurface.

**Principales activités**

In the present post-doctoral project, a first objective will be to formalize and develop the appropriate modeling tools to study the interaction of a single-photon and metasurface. In particular, we will rely on and extend the high order DGTD method initially introduced in [11]. The second objective will be to apply the developed numerical tools for designing quantum information processing metasurface configurations. This post-doctoral project will take place in the Atlantis project-team at the Inria research center at Université Côte d'Azur in Sophia Antipolis. Moreover, it will be conducted in close collaboration with our physics partners for the theoretical modeling questions, simulation results interpretation and potential applications.


Compétences
Academic background: Ph.D. in Applied Physics or applied mathematics or scientific computing or electrical engineering.

Required knowledge and skills:
- Theory and methodology: computational electromagnetics, finite element methods for PDEs, numerical optimization
- Sound knowledge of quantum optics, nanophotonics, metasurface, metamaterial

Software development skills: Python and Fortran 2003, parallel programming with MPI and OpenMP

Relational skills: team worker (verbal communication, active listening, motivation and commitment)

Other valued appreciated: good level of spoken and written English

Avantages
- Subsidized meals
- Partial reimbursement of public transport costs
- Leave: 7 weeks of annual leave + 10 extra days off due to RTT (statutory reduction in working hours) + possibility of exceptional leave (sick children, moving home, etc.)
- Possibility of teleworking (after 6 months of employment) and flexible organization of working hours
- Professional equipment available (videoconferencing, loan of computer equipment, etc.)
- Social, cultural and sports events and activities
- Access to vocational training
- Social security coverage

Rémunération
Gross Salary: 2746 € per month