Offre n°2024-07380

Post-Doctoral Research Visit F/M Iterative coupling algorithms and nonlinear solvers for the simulation of Thermo-Hydro-Mechanical models in faulted geological systems.

Le descriptif de l’offre ci-dessous est en Anglais

Type de contrat : CDD

Niveau de diplôme exigé : Thèse ou équivalent

Fonction : Post-Doctorant

Niveau d'expérience souhaité : De 3 à 5 ans

A propos du centre ou de la direction fonctionnelle

The Inria centre at Université Côte d'Azur includes 37 research teams and 8 support services. The centre's staff (about 500 people) is made up of scientists of different nationalities, engineers, technicians and administrative staff. The teams are mainly located on the university campuses of Sophia Antipolis and Nice as well as Montpellier, in close collaboration with research and higher education laboratories and establishments (Université Côte d'Azur, CNRS, INRAE, INSERM ...), but also with the regiona economic players.

With a presence in the fields of computational neuroscience and biology, data science and modeling, software engineering and certification, as well as collaborative robotics, the Inria Centre at Université Côte d'Azur is a major player in terms of scientific excellence through its results and collaborations at both European and international levels.

Contexte et atouts du poste

The postdoctoral project is part of a collaboration between Inria, University Côte d'Azur (Roland Masson and Konstantin Brenner) and IFPEN (Isabelle Faille and Guillaume Enchery) in the framework of the Inria-IFPEN partnership and of the project MathSout of the PEPR MathVives.

The position will be held at the Laboratoire de Mathématiques J.A. Dieudonné (LJAD), Université Côte d'Azur, Nice, with regular visits at IFPEN, Rueil Malmaison.

Mission confiée

Coupled Thermo-Hydro-Mechanical (THM) processes in faulted/fractured geological systems play a fundamental role in many geoscience applications such as geothermal energy and geological storage. This is particularly the case in the field of CO2 sequestration where the pressurized, low-temperature injection of supercritical CO2 is likely to induce a reactivation of faults leading to risks of leakage and/or seismicity which must be mitigated. Numerical simulation is a key tool for better assessing and controlling these risks. Such models couple non-isothermal multiphase flows along the fault network and in the surrounding rock (the matrix), the rock mechanical deformation and the mechanical behavior of the faults. Their numerical simulation raises numerous challenges related to the complexity of the geometries, the heterogeneous and multi-scale properties characteristic of geological systems and the multi-physics and non-linear couplings.

The project focuses on the design of robust nonlinear solvers which constitutes a bottleneck for the simulation of these models. There are three types of approach to solve these coupled processes. The first, often referred to as monolithic, is based on solving simultaneously all equations by a Newton algorithm. It lacks modularity and requires a robust preconditioner for the linearized coupled system, which constitutes a difficult task subject of ongoing research. It also has the disadvantage of solving all the variables at the same time step, preventing the use of smaller time steps for the time integration of the multiphase flow. On the other hand, time splitting algorithms, decoupling the thermo-hydro from the mechanical sub-models, make it possible to adopt such a sub-time step strategy for the flow. They rely on additional stabilization terms leading to either Fixed-Stress [2,7] or Undrained-Split [1] type splitting. However, these algorithms lack robustness in the incompressible limit and suffer from a loss of accuracy during regime changes and in case of strong hydro-mechanical couplings. A good compromise is based on the iterative variant of the previous time splitting algorithms. Such algorithm iteratively
solves the thermo-hydro and mechanical sub-models until convergence towards the coupled solution. Compared with the monolithic approach, it is more modular, allows the use of preconditioners adapted to each sub-model and the use of sub-time steps for the flow. Furthermore, their potential lack of robustness can be overcome by the use of acceleration techniques such as Newton Krylov [8,3], Conjugate Gradient [6] or Anderson [4,5] algorithms.

The first objective of the project is to explore iterative coupling algorithms and their acceleration techniques for THM models. Emphasis will be placed on the case of fractured/faulted models taking contact into account, which, to our knowledge, has not been yet investigated. A second aspect of the project concerns nonlinear solvers for the contact mechanics sub-model, which is particularly difficult in the case of stick-slip transitions due to the singularity of the friction laws [9,10].


**Principales activités**

Design and analysis of numerical methods  
Prototyping, validation, numerical investigation  
Application test case  
Paper writing  
Oral presentations

**Avantages**

- Subsidized meals  
- Partial reimbursement of public transport costs  
- Leave: 7 weeks of annual leave + 10 extra days off due to RTT (statutory reduction in working hours)  
- Possibility of exceptional leave (sick children, moving home, etc.)  
- Possibility of teleworking (after 6 months of employment) and flexible organization of working hours  
- Professional equipment available (videoconferencing, loan of computer equipment, etc.)  
- Social, cultural and sports events and activities  
- Access to vocational training  
- Social security coverage

**Informations générales**

- **Ville:** Nice  
- **Centre Inria:** Centre Inria d'Université Côte d'Azur  
- **Date de prise de fonction souhaitée:** 2024-10-01  
- **Durée de contrat:** 2 ans  
- **Date limite pour postuler:** 2024-06-30

**Contacts**
A propos d'Inria

Inria est l'institut national de recherche dédié aux sciences et technologies du numérique. Il emploie 2600 personnes. Ses 215 équipes-projets agiles, en général communes avec des partenaires académiques, impliquent plus de 3900 scientifiques pour relever les défis du numérique, souvent à l'interface d'autres disciplines. L'institut fait appel à de nombreux talents dans plus d'une quarantaine de métiers différents. 900 personnels d'appui à la recherche et à l'innovation contribuent à faire émerger et grandir des projets scientifiques ou entrepreneuriaux qui impactent le monde. Inria travaillé avec de nombreuses entreprises et a accompagné la création de plus de 200 start-up. L'institut s'efforce ainsi de répondre aux enjeux de la transformation numérique de la science, de la société et de l'économie.

L'essentiel pour réussir

Applicants should have a background in scientific computing/numerical analysis/applied mathematics, and be familiar with the discretization of PDEs and iterative solvers. An experience in computational mechanics will be an additional asset.

She/he should be experienced with a scientific programming language such as Fortran, C or C++ and be interested in applications and team working.

Attention: Les candidatures doivent être déposées en ligne sur le site Inria. Le traitement des candidatures adressées par d'autres canaux n'est pas garanti.

Consignes pour postuler

Sécurité défense :
Ce poste est susceptible d'être affecté dans une zone à régime restrictif (ZRR), telle que définie dans le décret n°2011-1425 relatif à la protection du potentiel scientifique et technique de la nation (PPST). L'autorisation d'accès à une zone est délivrée par le chef d'établissement, après avis ministériel favorable, tel que défini dans l'arrêté du 03 juillet 2012, relatif à la PPST. Un avis ministériel défavorable pour un poste affecté dans une ZRR aurait pour conséquence l'annulation du recrutement.

Politique de recrutement :
Dans le cadre de sa politique diversité, tous les postes Inria sont accessibles aux personnes en situation de handicap.